

NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE COUNCIL

HEALTH & WELLBEING BOARD

**NORTH LINCOLNSHIRE'S POPULATION HEALTH AND PREVENTION PARTNERSHIP
PROGRESS UPDATE**

1. OBJECT AND KEY POINTS IN THIS REPORT

- 1.1 To update the Health and Wellbeing Board members on progress of North Lincolnshire's Population Health and Prevention Partnership's approach to reduce health disparities by using a population health management approach.

2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

- 2.1 Population health management (PHM) is an approach that uses data, intelligence, and co-production to help improve residents' health and wellbeing and reduce inequalities. One of the key tenets of PHM is to identify groups of people who have the greatest health disparities and then focus resources to meet their health needs.
- 2.2 Population health management requires a system wide approach. Organisations working in health and wellbeing and in fields related to the wider determinants of health, as well as with the broader community, need to work together to tackle the root causes of ill health and deliver services tailored to the needs of the local population.
- 2.3 The North Lincolnshire Joint Health and Wellbeing Board requested a new partnership group be set up at North Lincs place level to focus on improving health disparities for North Lincolnshire. The North Lincolnshire Population Health and Prevention Partnership (PHaPP) has been setup working as a partnership at place-level, setting the strategic direction for population health priorities and establishing task and finish groups to deliver specific projects, utilising a population health management approach to:
- have responsibility for delivering and coordinating actions on the following Health and Wellbeing Strategic themes, which were agreed by the Health and Wellbeing Board in November 2021.
 - Theme 3 - People live well to enjoy healthy lives
 - Theme 4 - People experience equity of access to support their health and wellbeing and

- Theme 5 (Communities are enabled to be healthy & resilient)

- steer the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment for North Lincs and be the vehicle for reviewing new data and insights to inform action across North Lincolnshire.
- develop and use our data and intelligence collaboratively to identify, design and drive coproduced partnership actions/ commissioning that will target cohorts most at risk from specific health indicators and cohorts experiencing the biggest inequalities in health.
- providing a collective approach to focus on all age cohorts requiring a whole system approach.

2.4 The first meeting of the group took place in Feb 2022 and included a wide range of partners and stakeholders. The group has now developed into a more strategic level group with task and finish groups being set up to work in partnership, take action to target interventions to reduce health inequalities and make recommendations for further actions as necessary. North Lincolnshire Council, RDaSH and NLAG have now developed operational groups at organisation level to work on population health and prevention actions within their own organisation. These operational groups feed into the Place level Population Health and Prevention Partnership.

2.5 The PHaPP has met on several occasions and early work focused on understanding the context about health disparities in North Lincolnshire, the principles regarding PHM and how the group can develop priorities to address inequalities. The following provides a summary of key workstreams which have been progressed since the group's inception:

- **Scunthorpe North Project** –This project aims to achieve health equity sustainably. The first phase is engaging with the community in a dialogue to design the model of community engagement that will be most effective to improve the health and wellbeing of local residents. Phase 2 will see the piloting of sustainable interventions utilising the model of engagement.
- **Data packs** – have been made available for all primary care networks (PCNs). The data packs can be used to identify a population within the PCN who are experiencing inequality in health provision and/or outcomes and develop a plan to tackle the unmet needs of that population.
- **Teenage Pregnancy Resilience** – This group is focused on teenage pregnancy reduction and aims to improve young people's resilience to unintentional under 18yr conception. This will be achieved by supporting young people most at risk of being teenage parents by developing their knowledge skills and confidence to make positive decisions to stay well, healthy, connected and safe. Rates of teenage pregnancy differ across our wards with two wards experiencing rates of 35-45 per 1000 15-19yr olds (5 year rate 2016-21) and 8 wards having a rate of than 15 per 1000 with the other 4 wards between 20-30 per 1000. The group is utilising whole system, upstream approach to look at the causes of the causes leading to a teenage conception. This approach recognises that teenage pregnancy is the indicator, but improvements will come from focusing on an asset-

based competency development programme which will impact on a range of risk-taking behaviours with multiple long term beneficial outcomes for young people. By building resilience, we aim to have a positive outcome, not only on reducing teenage conceptions but also raising aspirations, making active choices, resistance to bullying, increased problem solving, understanding healthy relationships, self-esteem, reduction in using food / substances as a coping mechanism etc. A resilience competency framework has been developed and we are in conversation with Wakefield Council to benefit from their learning over many years implementing a resilience framework.

- **Housing and Health / cost of living** – This group is focused on the risk of harm to physical and mental health from living in a cold house, exacerbated by increases in the cost of living and cost of heating homes. This project is currently in the initiation phase and is seeking to understand populations who are at great risk of and what interventions might mitigate against impact of increased cost of living.
- **Knowledge and awareness** - information sessions have been provided on Core 20 plus 5 initiatives. The Core 20 plus 5 is a national NHS England and NHS Improvement approach to support the reduction of health inequalities at both national and system level. The approach defines three target populations:
 - (i) **Core:** People living in the 20% most deprived areas, as identified by the indices of multiple deprivation.
 - (ii) **Five:** are mandated populations being – maternity, severe mental illness, chronic respiratory disease, early cancer diagnosis and hypertension case finding.
 - (iii) **Plus:** are priority groups who do not fit into the above categories – eg homelessness, traveller and gypsy etc.

3.0 OPTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION

- 3.1 **Option 1:** For the HWB to note the progress on work being undertaken by the PHaPP.

4.0 ANALYSIS OF OPTIONS

- 4.1 Whilst the work of the PHaPP is in its infancy, it has made progress in bringing place partners together to focus on tackling health disparities. By utilising a multiagency approach, focusing on intelligence and insights will provide opportunities to accelerate improvements and reduce duplication across North Lincolnshire place.

5.0 FINANCIAL AND OTHER RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (e.g. LEGAL, HR, PROPERTY, IT, COMMUNICATIONS etc.)

5.1 None

6.0 OTHER RELEVANT IMPLICATIONS (e.g. CRIME AND DISORDER, EQUALITIES, COUNCIL PLAN, ENVIRONMENTAL, RISK etc.)

6.1 None

7.0 OUTCOMES OF INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT (IF APPLICABLE)

7.1 Not relevant for this report

8.0 OUTCOMES OF CONSULTATION AND CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS DECLARED

8.1 Not relevant for this report

9 RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1 It is recommended that HWB members approve option 1, to note the progress being made by the PHaPP

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